

Hej och välkommen till mina anatomidokument!

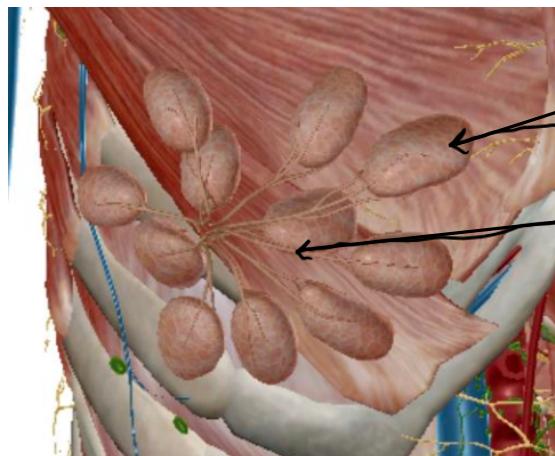
Dessa dokument är sammanställda baserat på vår strukturlista för kurserna BV3 och BV4 från VT 2024. Jag har gjort mitt bästa för att inkludera alla relevanta strukturer, men strukturlistans kan ha ändrats för er termin, så se till att kontrollera eventuella skillnader och fel som jag kanske har gjort.

En sak att notera är att min handstil ibland kan vara svår att läsa. Intressant nog visar studier att text som är svår att läsa kan förbättra inlärningen och minnet. Du kan läsa mer om detta i artiklar från Harvard Business Review ([Hard to Read Fonts Promote Better Recall](#)) och Princeton University ([Font focus: Making ideas harder to read may make them easier to retain](#)).

Jag önskar dig lycka till med kurserna BV3 och BV4. De kan verka utmanande ibland, men med engagemang och hårt arbete är de definitivt genomförbara. Jag hoppas att dessa dokument kan vara till hjälp i dina studier.

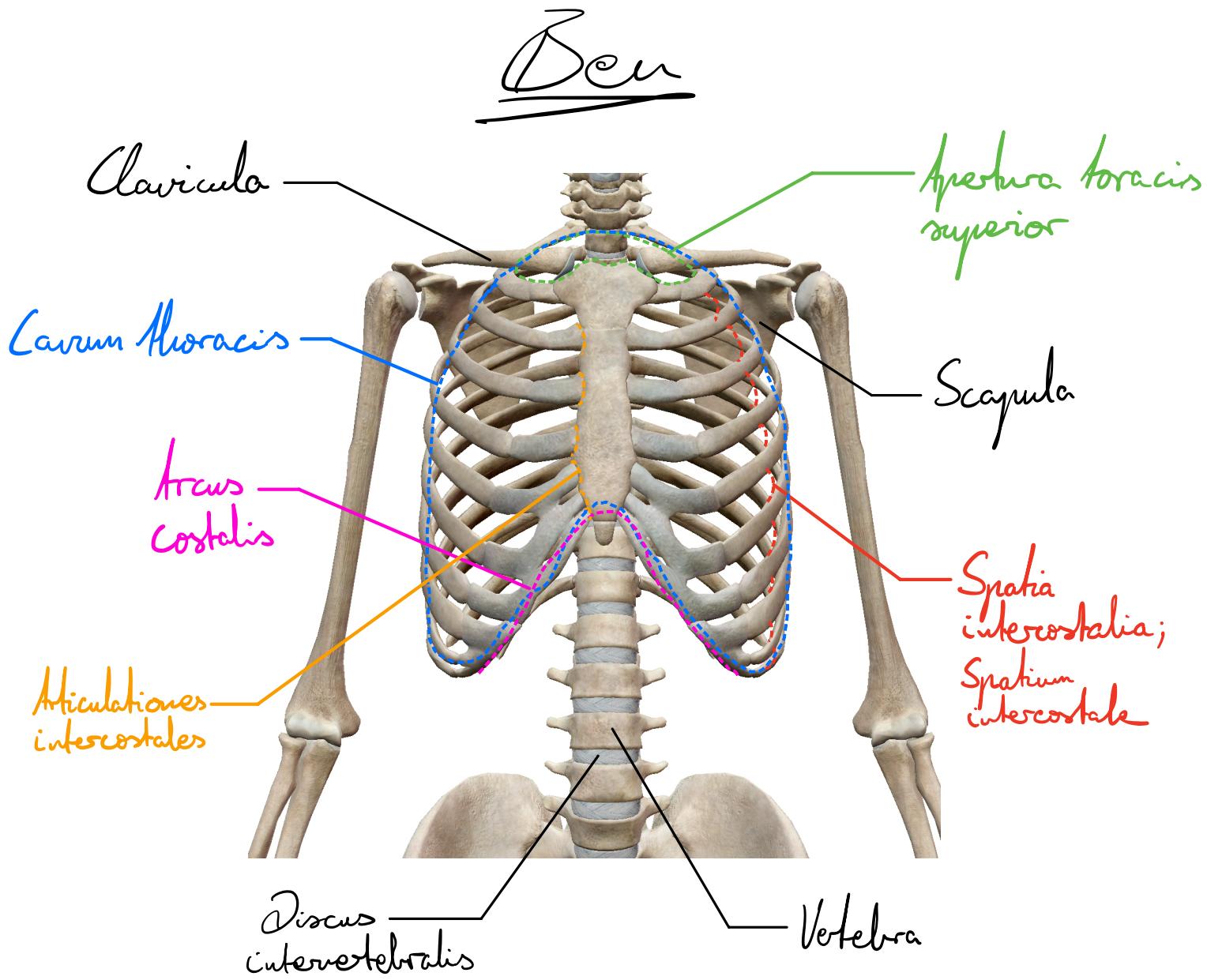


Areola mammae, med glandulae areolares
Papilla mammae

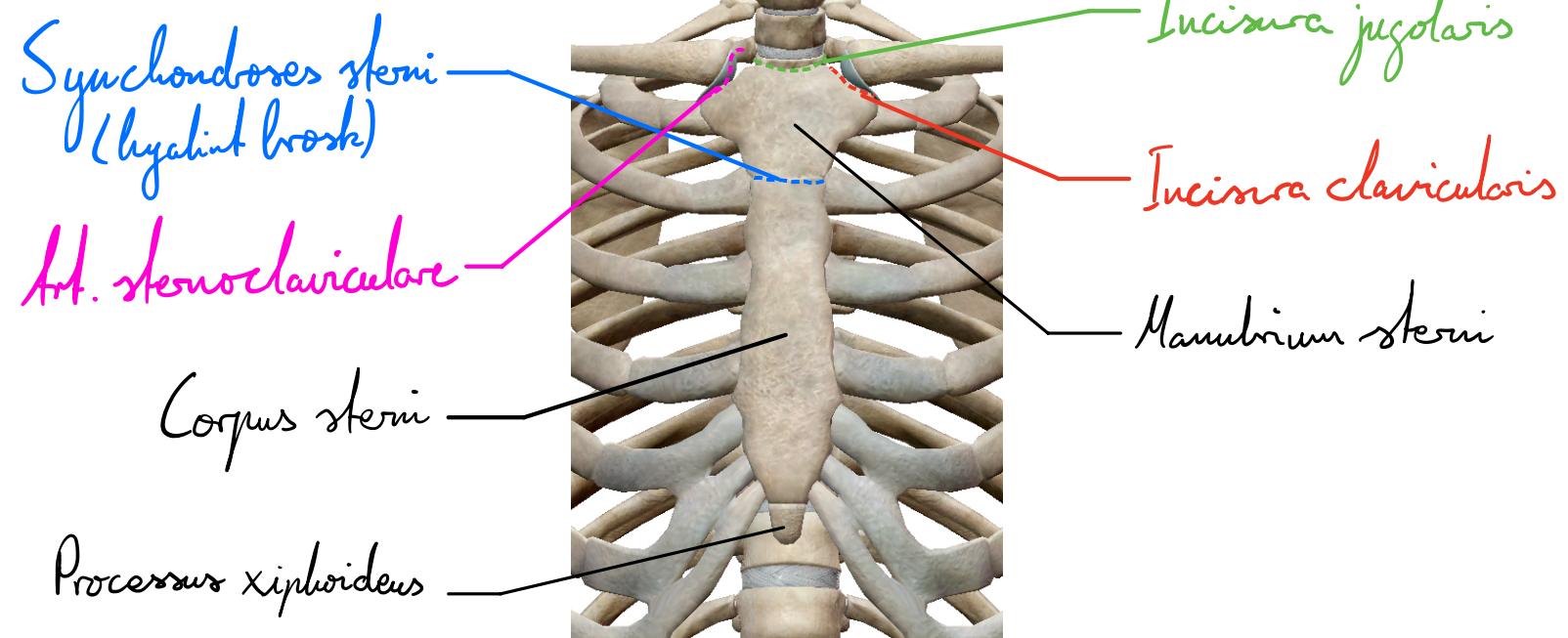
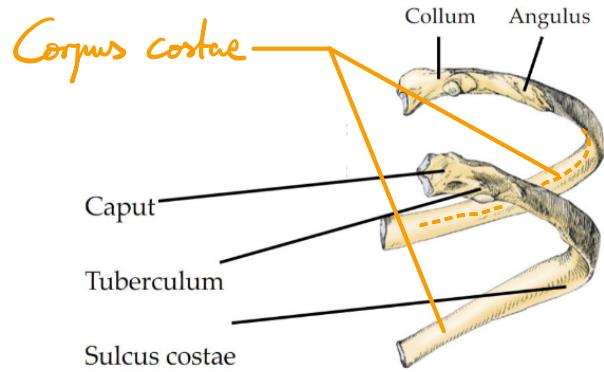
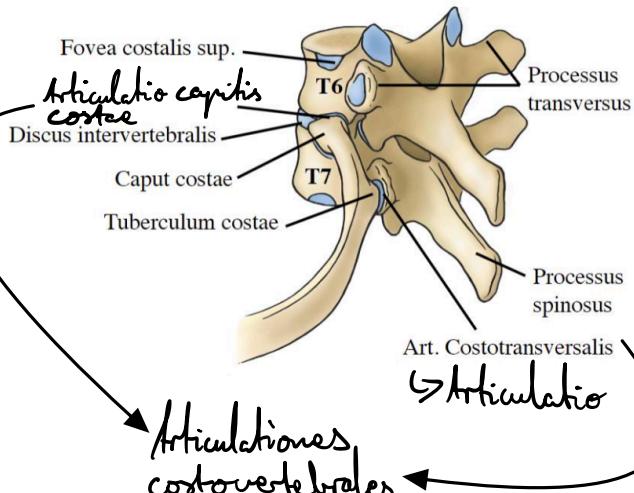


Lobuli glandulae mammae
Ductus lactiferi

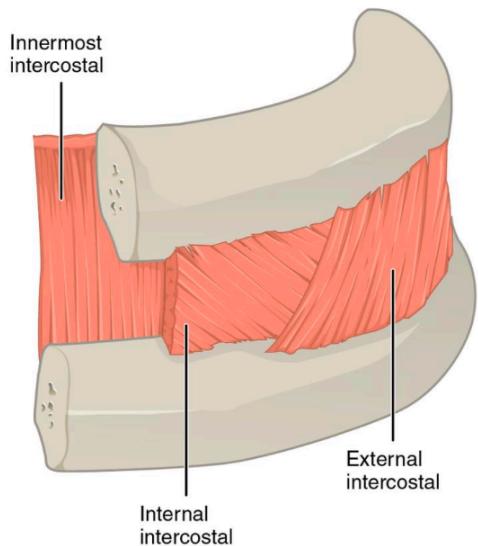
⇒ Ligamentum suspensoria mammae:
håller upp lobuli glandulae, fäster i clavicula och facia
oracoclavicularis



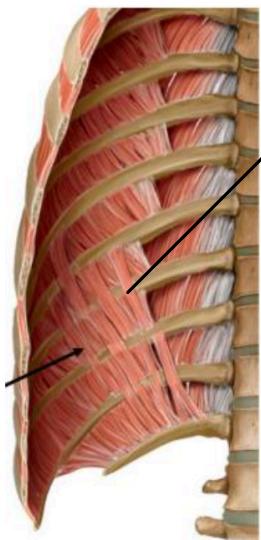
- Costa verae: Revben 1-7 med eget brosk mot sternum
- Costa supriare: Revben 8-10 med gemensamt brosk mot sternum
- Costa fluctuantes/librae: Revben 11-12 utan brosk förbindelse med sternum
- Cartilago costalis: Brosk som förbindes revben med sternum



Muscles

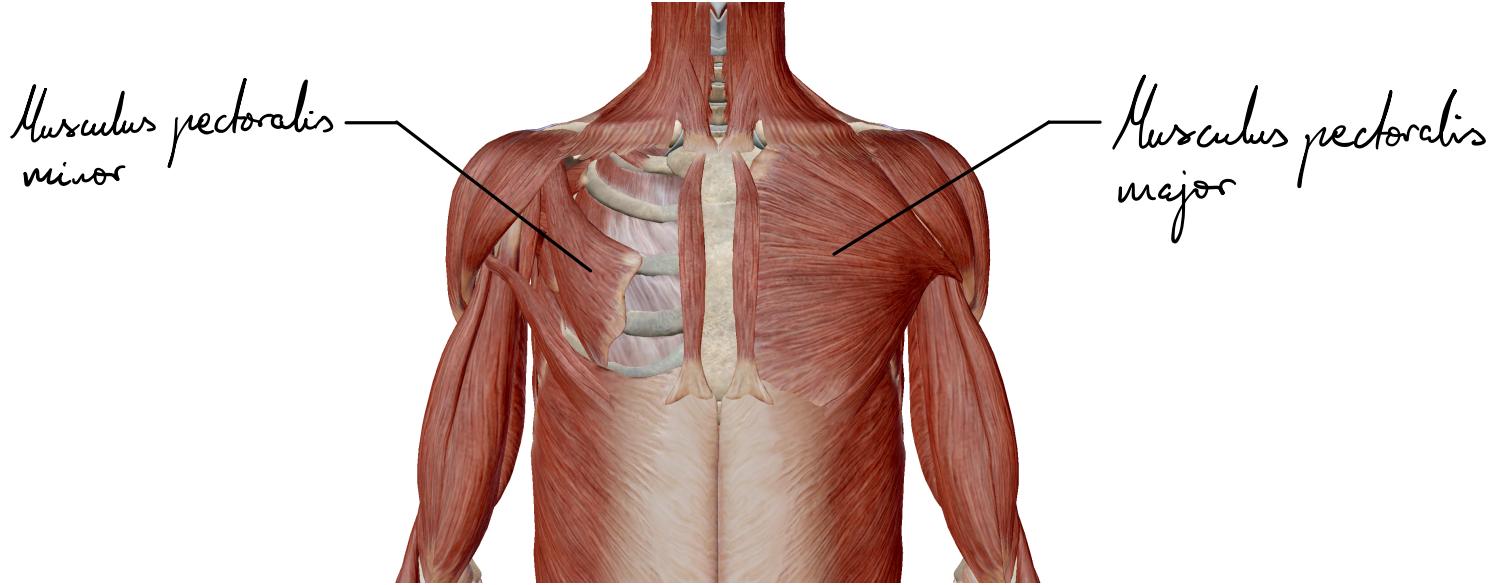
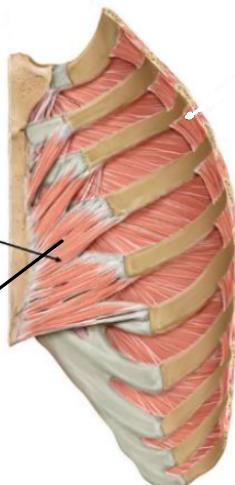


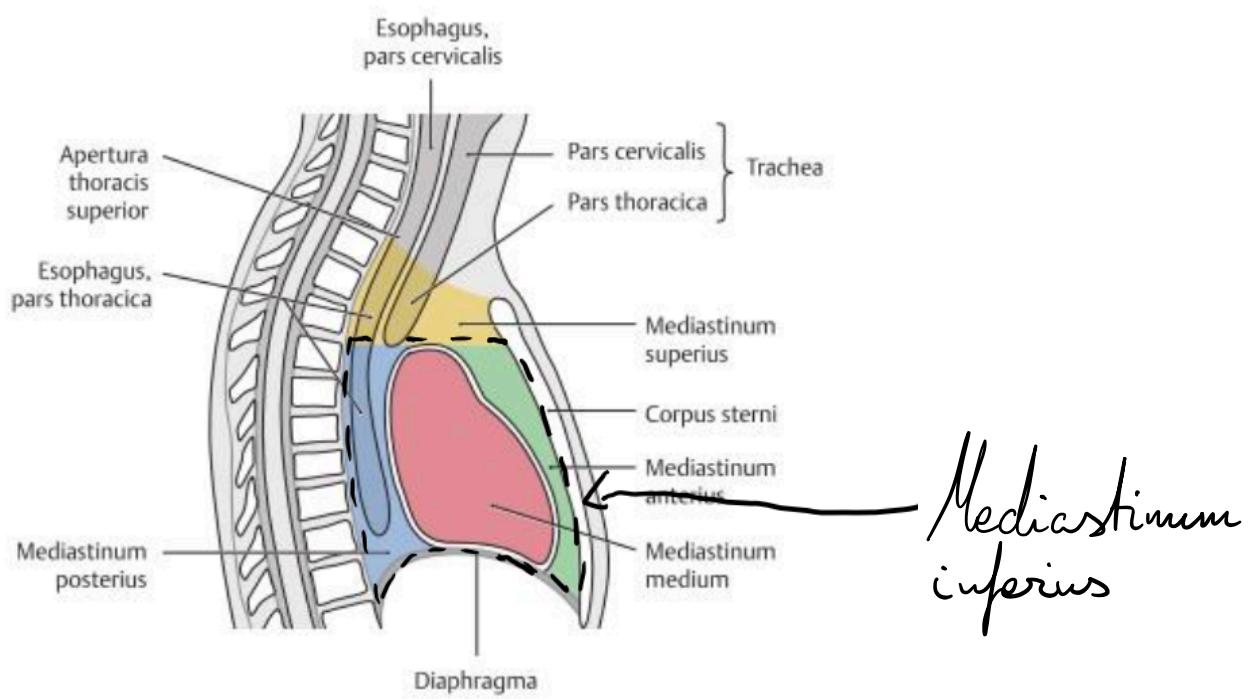
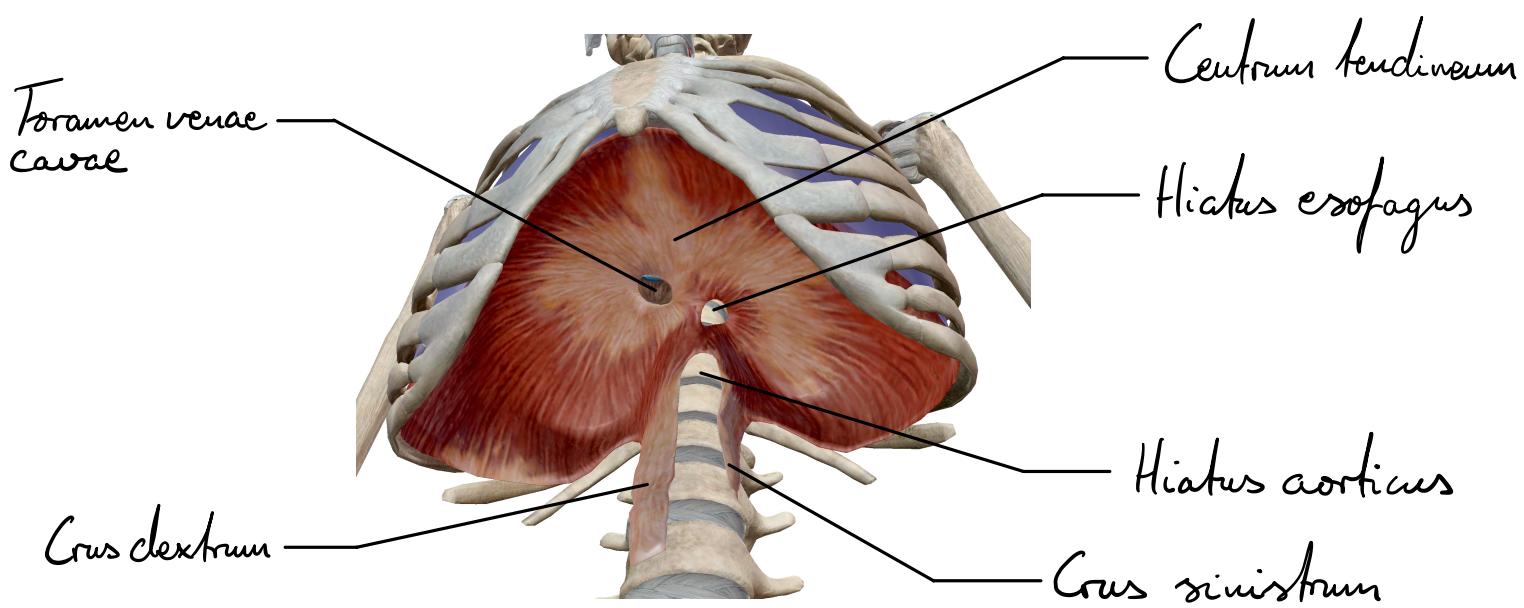
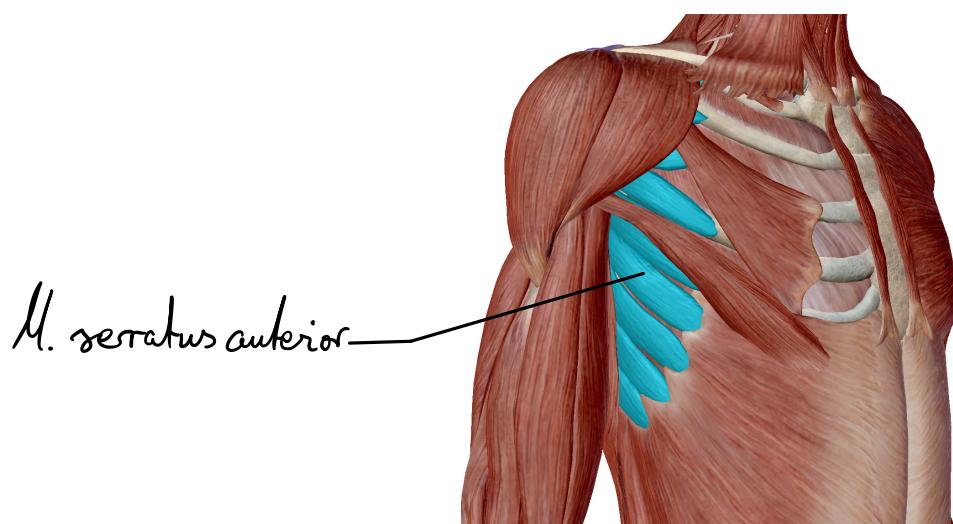
- *Musculus intercostales externus*
→ Membrana intercostalis externa
- *Musculus intercostales internus*
→ Membrana intercostalis interna
- *Musculus intercostalis intima*



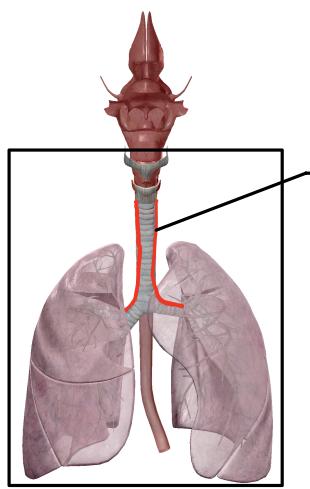
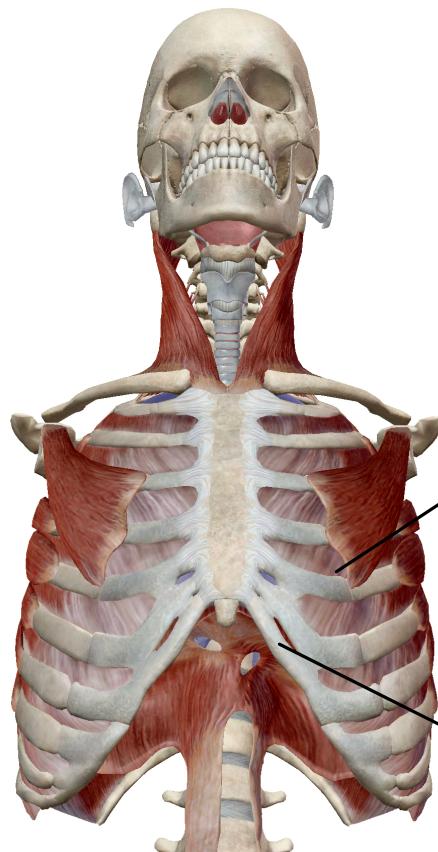
*Musculus
subcostalis*

*Musculus transversus
thoracis*

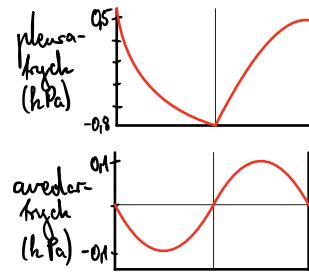
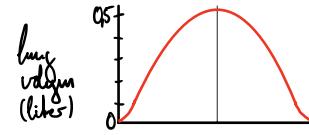




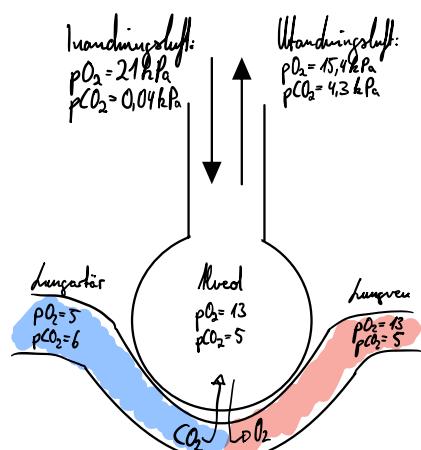
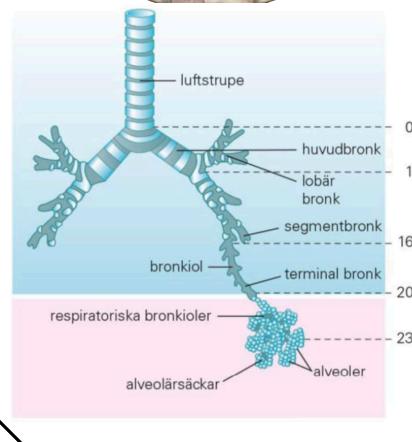
dungor

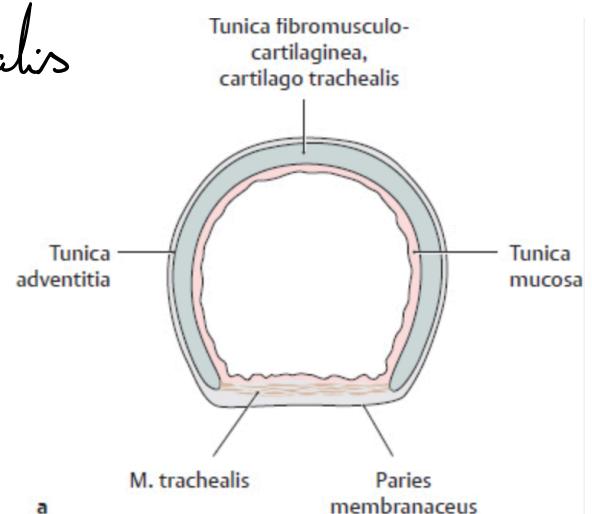
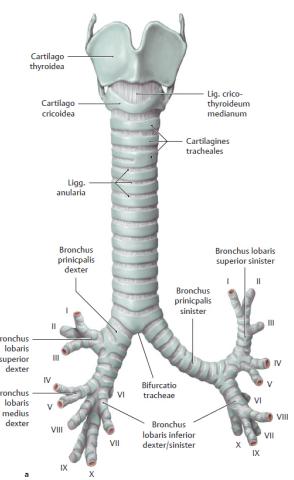
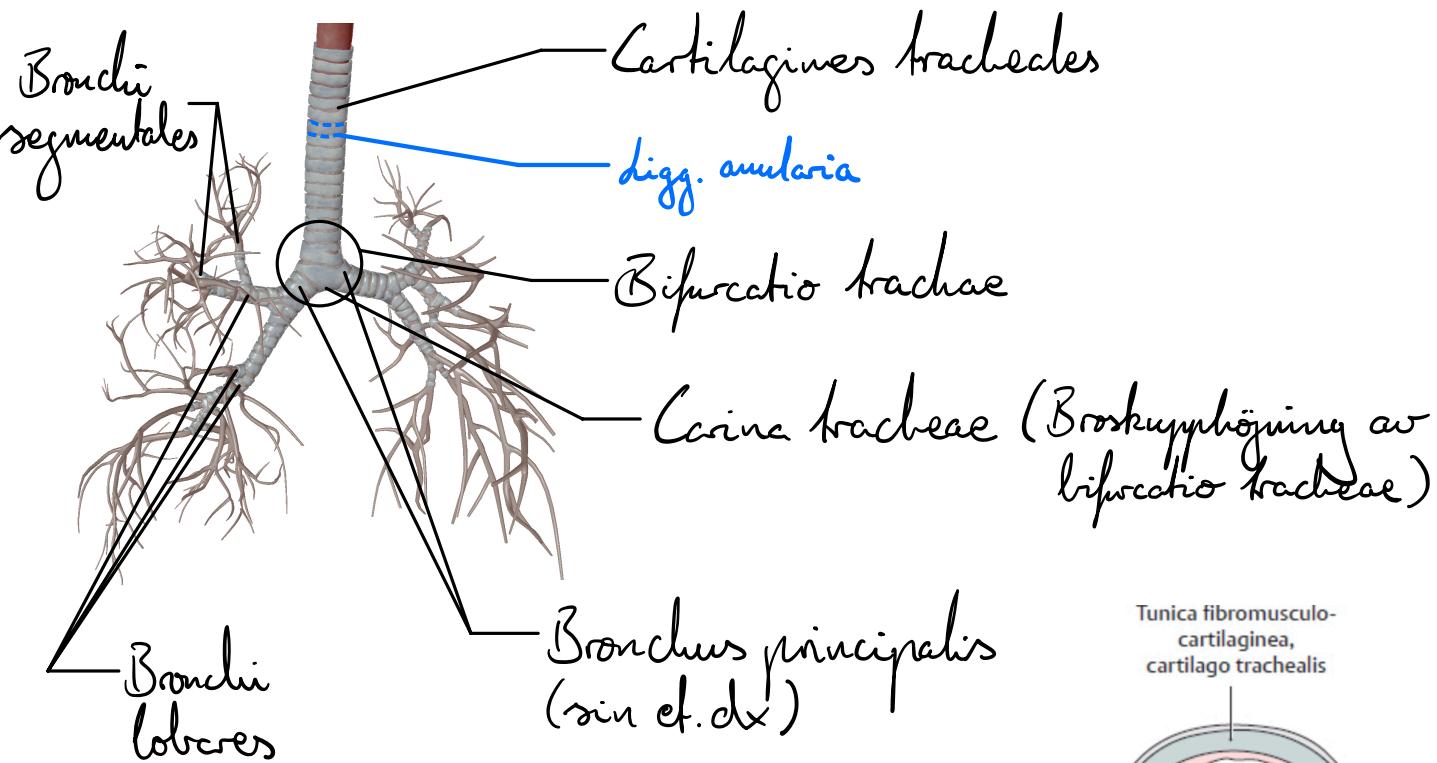


Pulmono

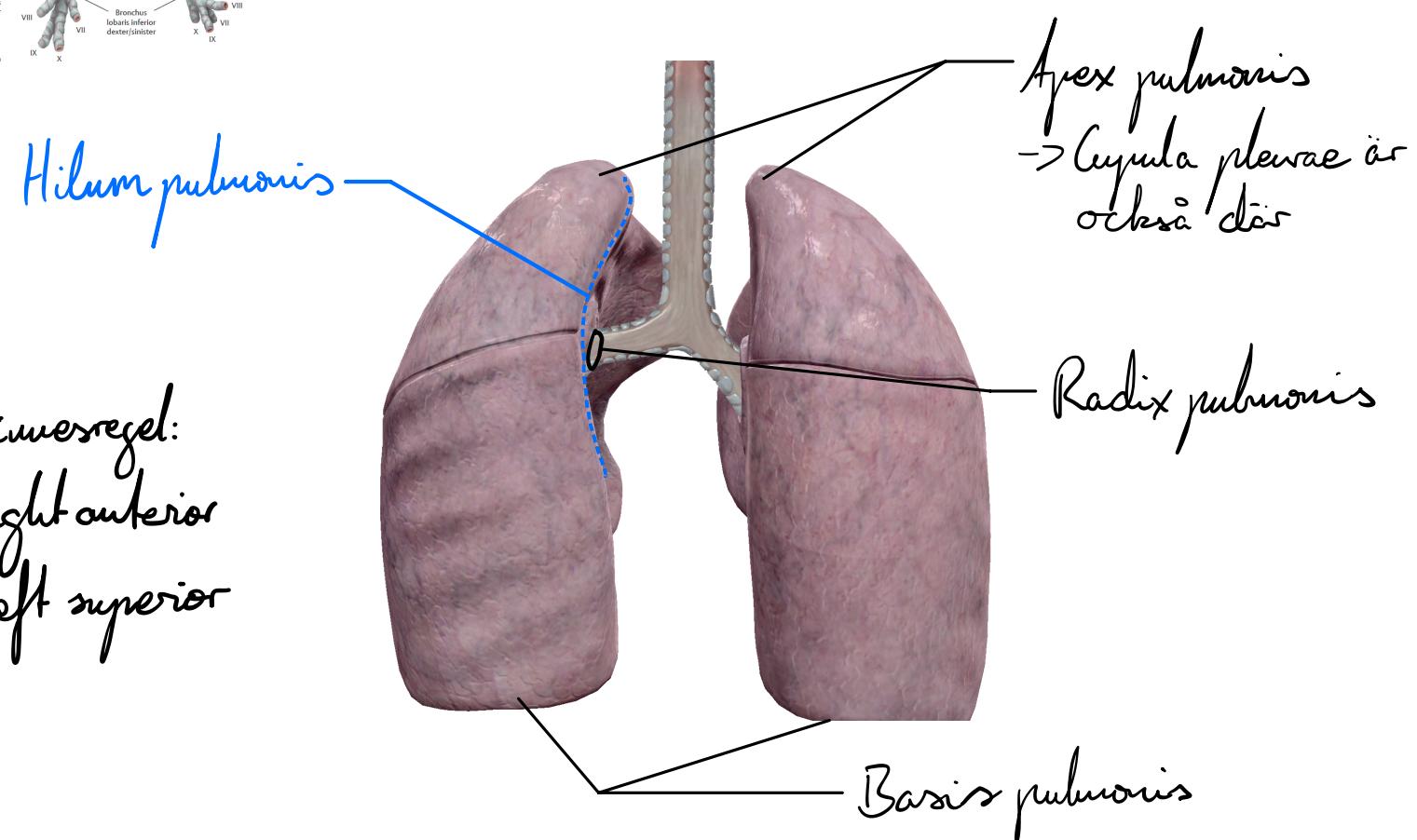


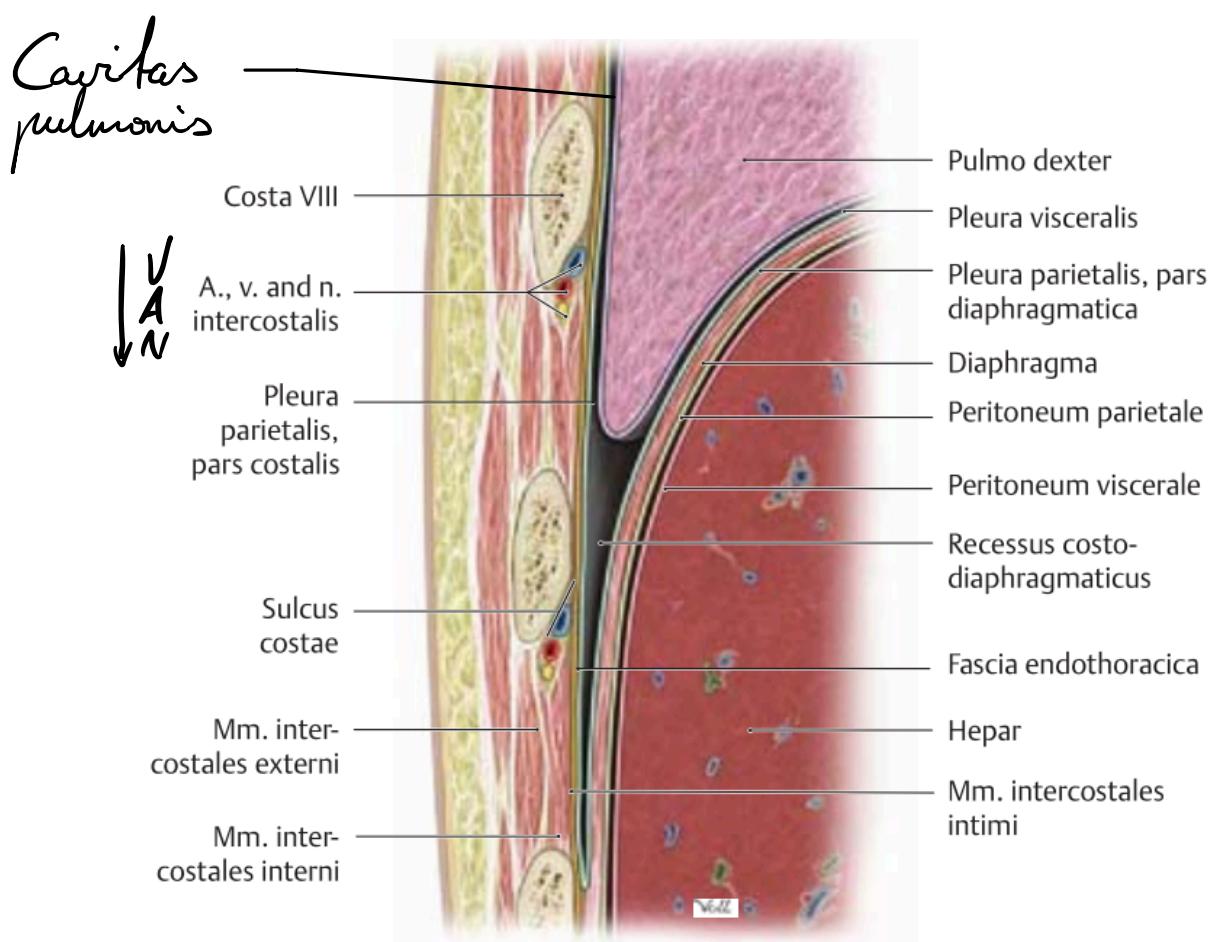
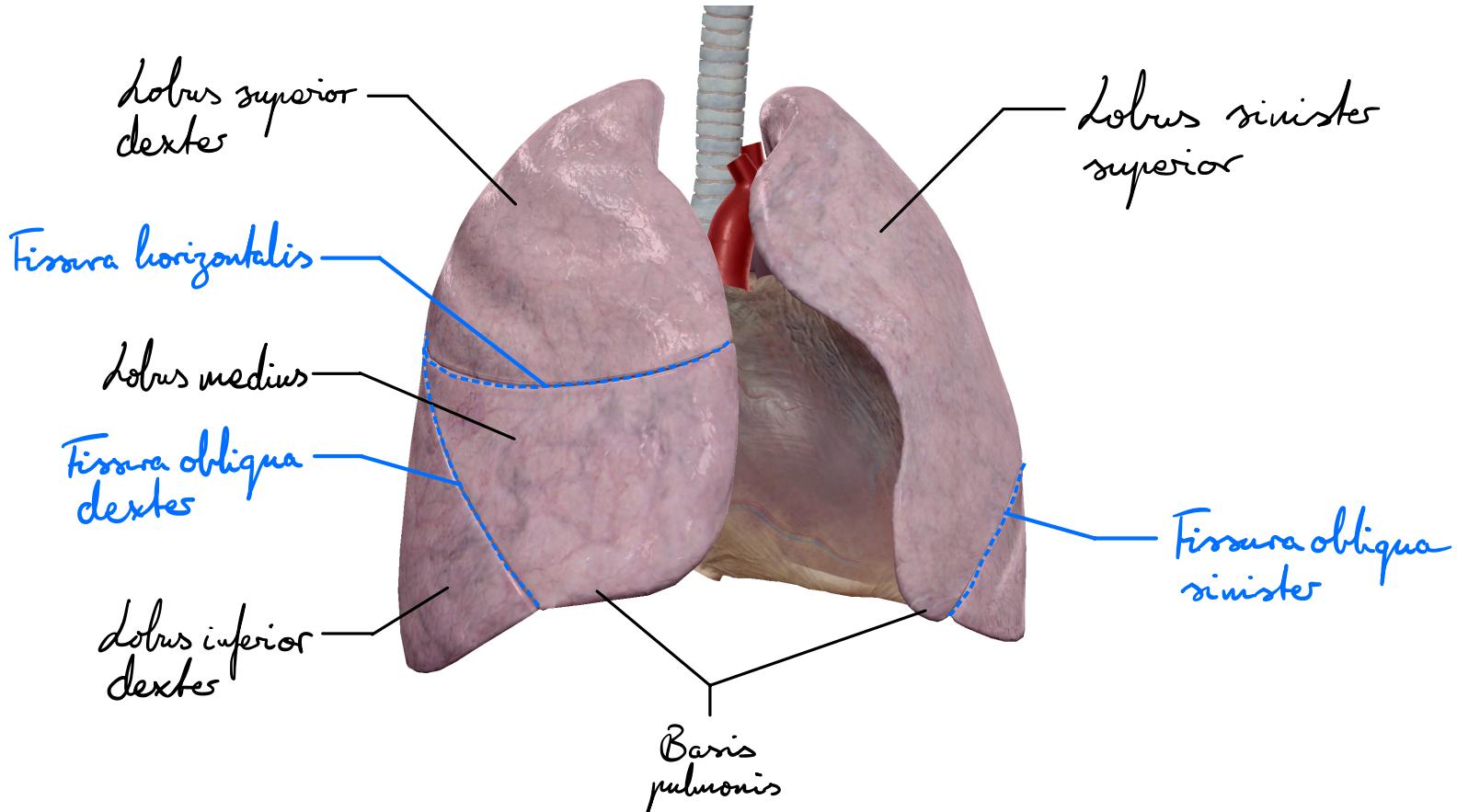
bronkus
alveolus

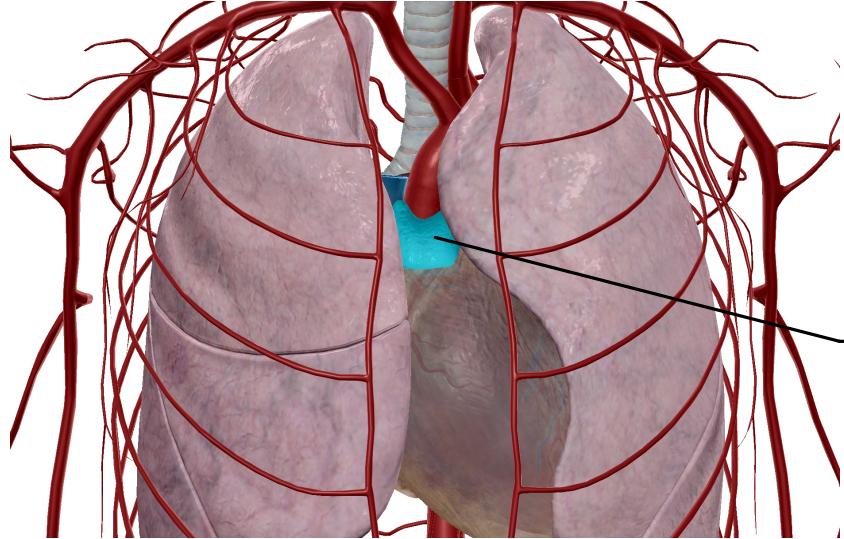




a

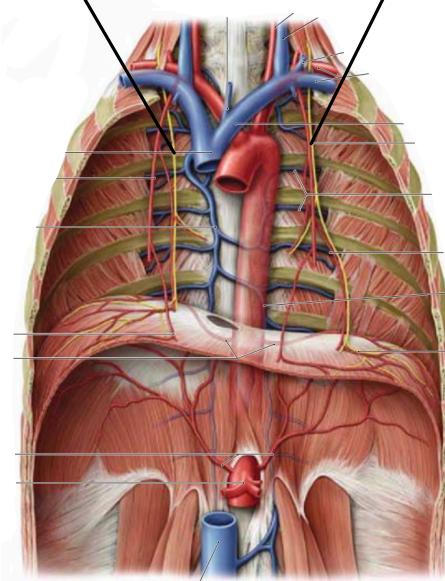
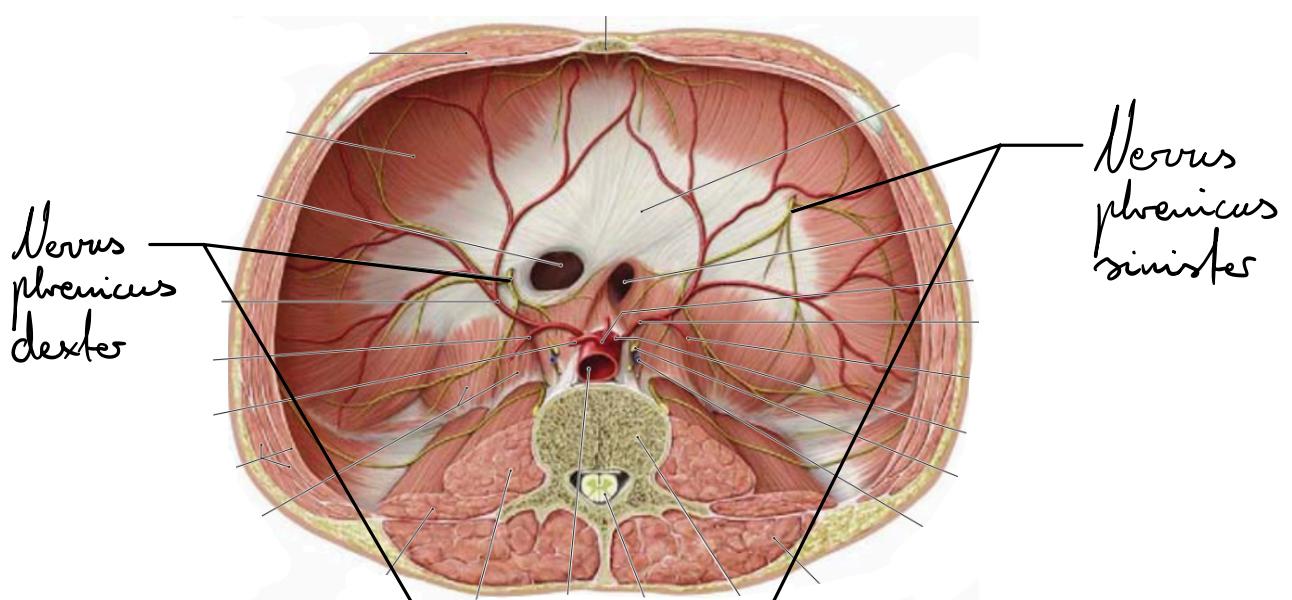
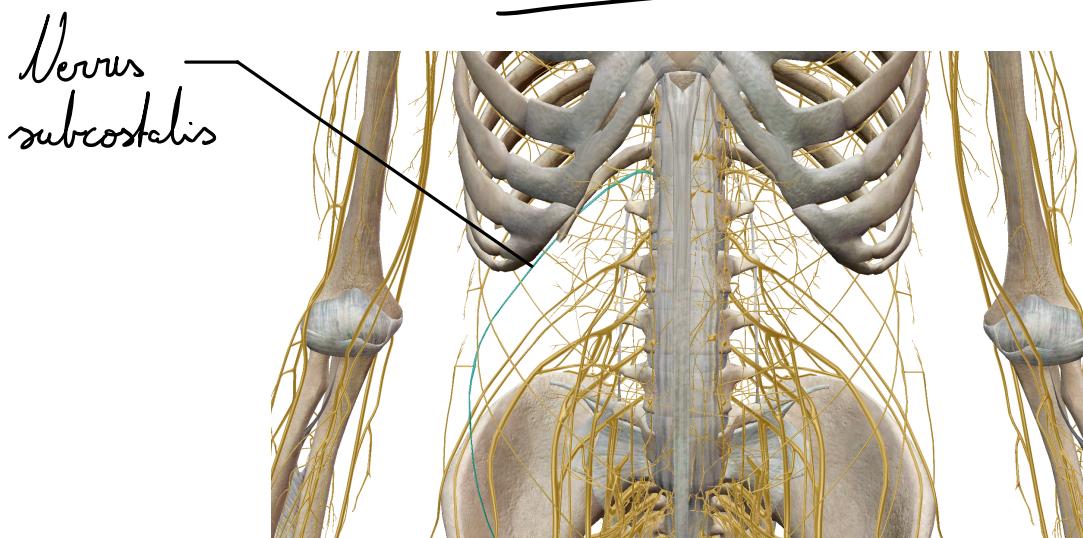


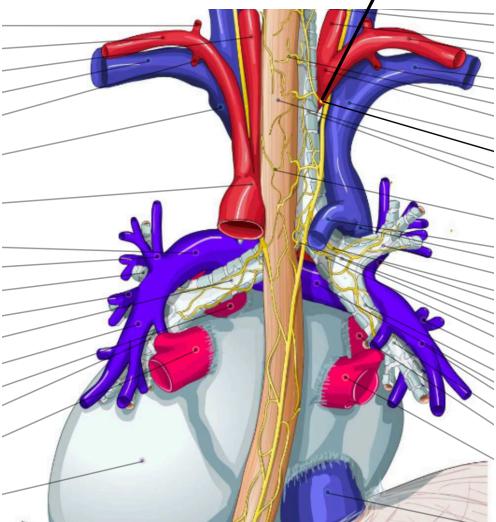
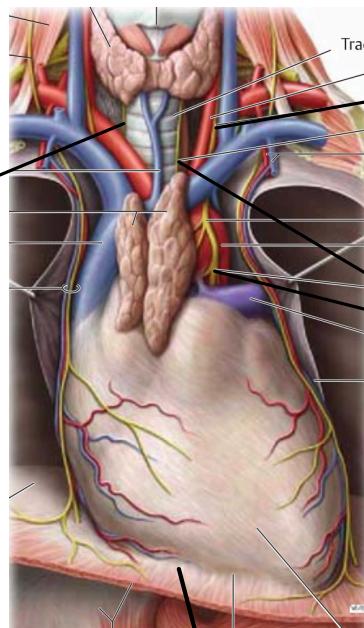




Thymus

Nerves



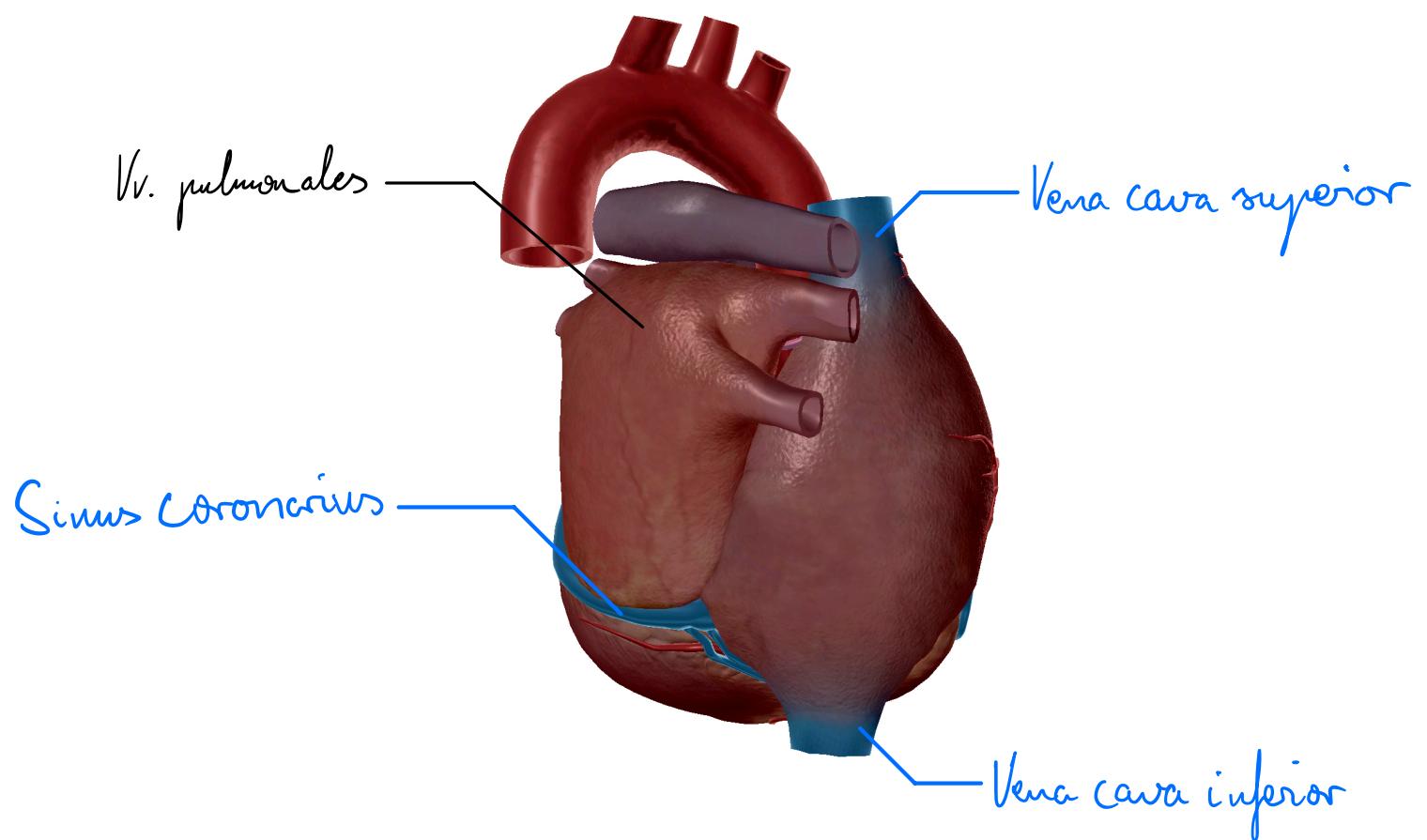
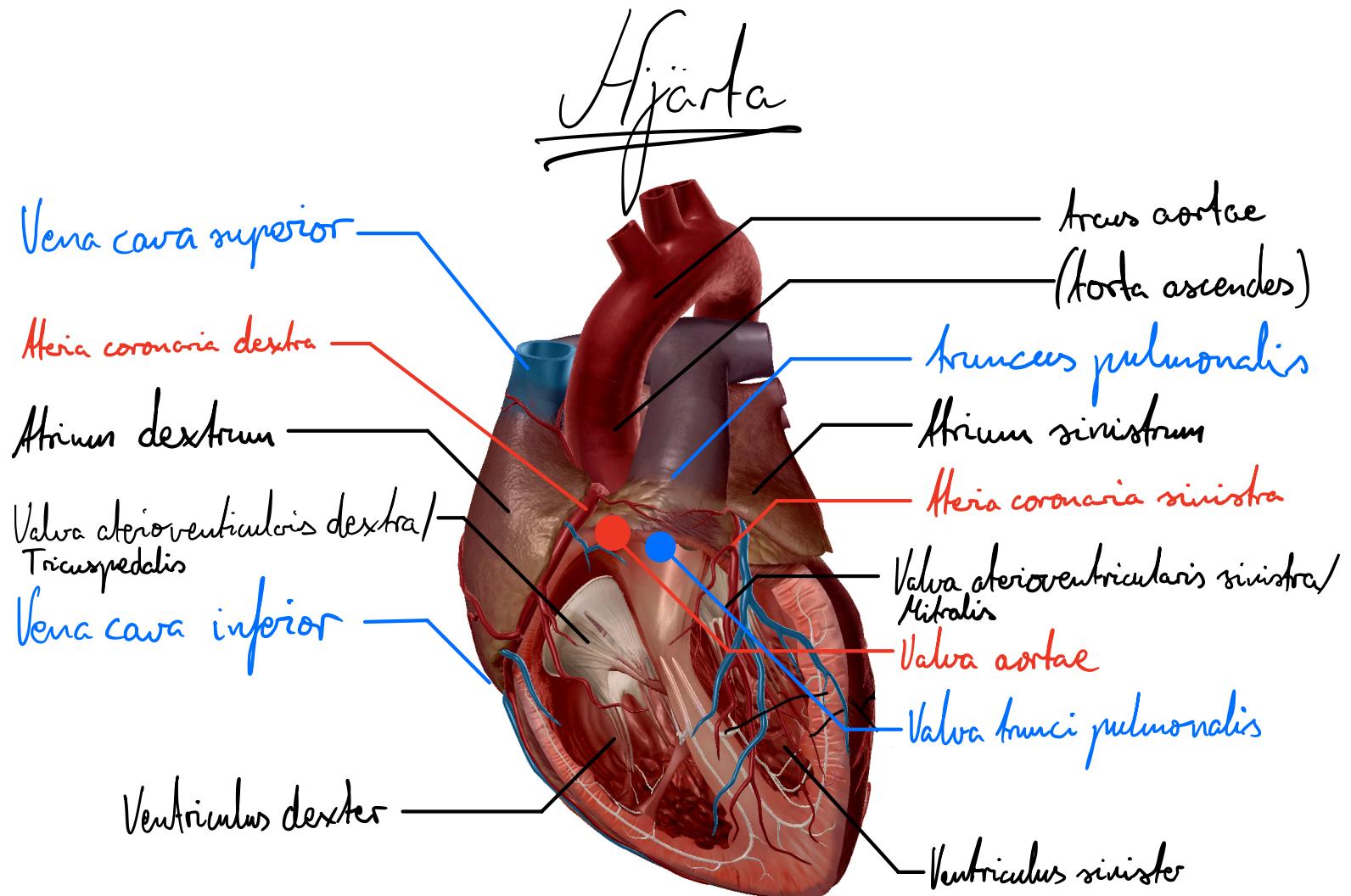


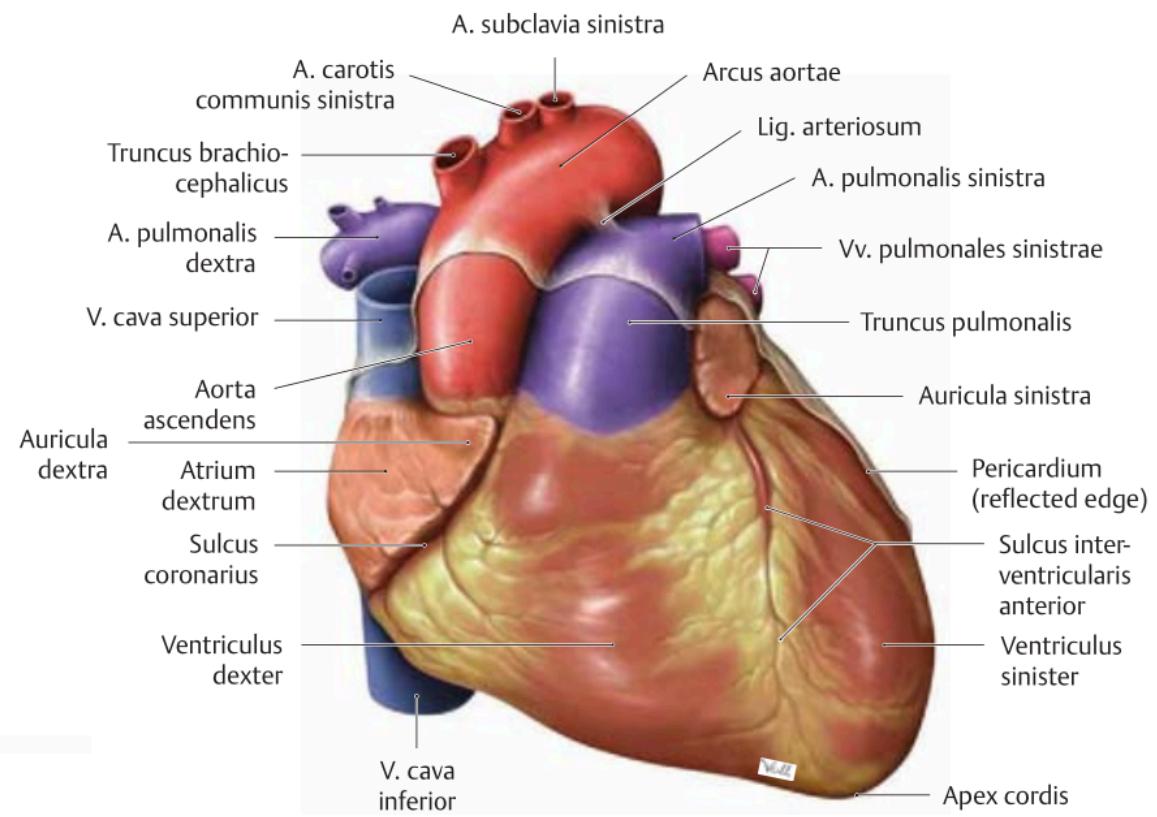
N. laryngeus recurrens
dexter

N. vagus

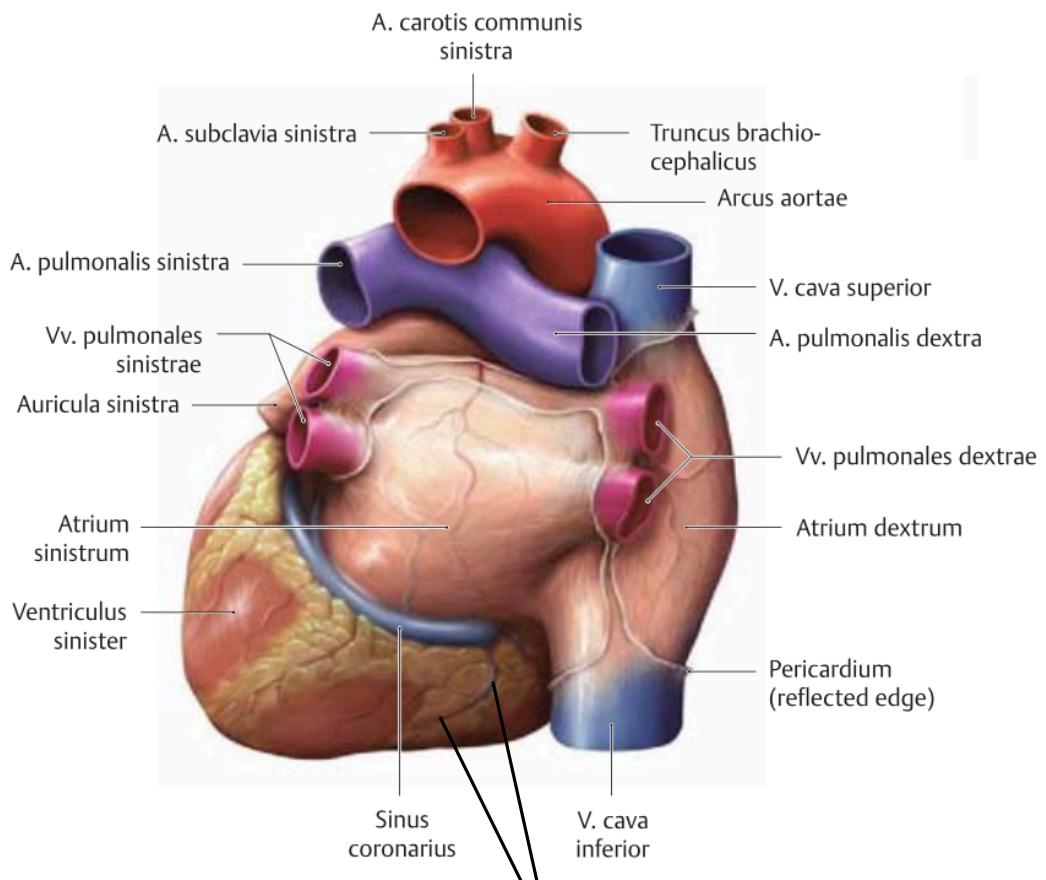
N. laryngeus
recurrens sinister

dig. pericardio-phrenica



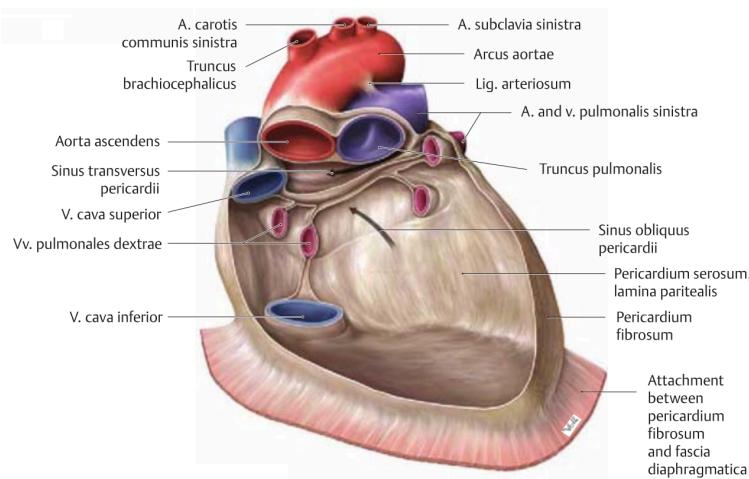
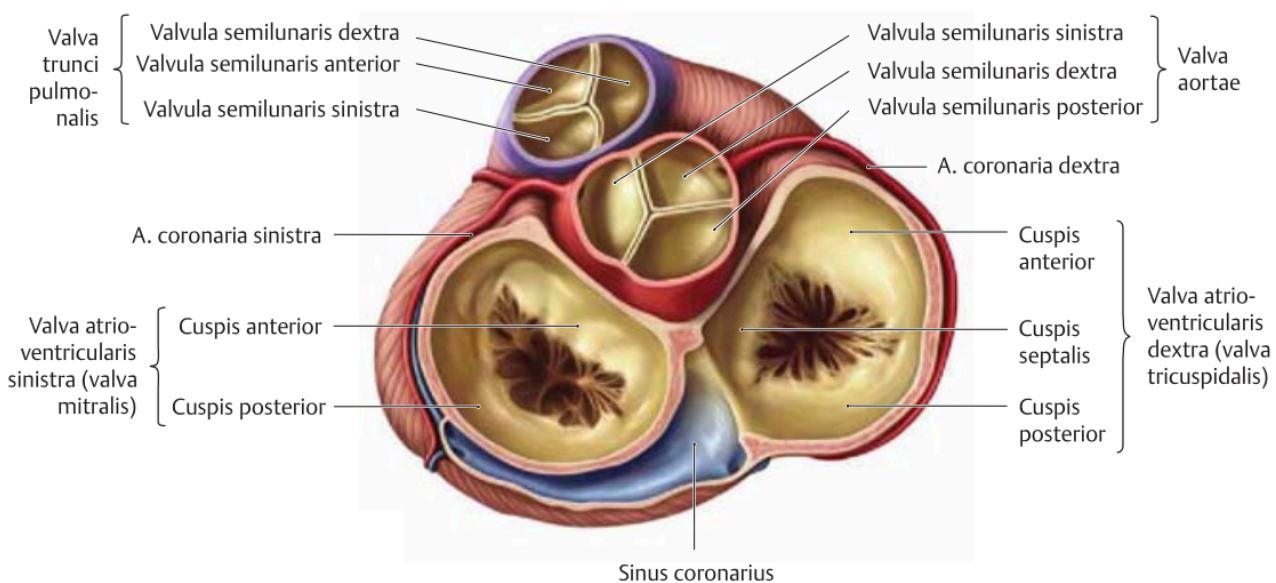
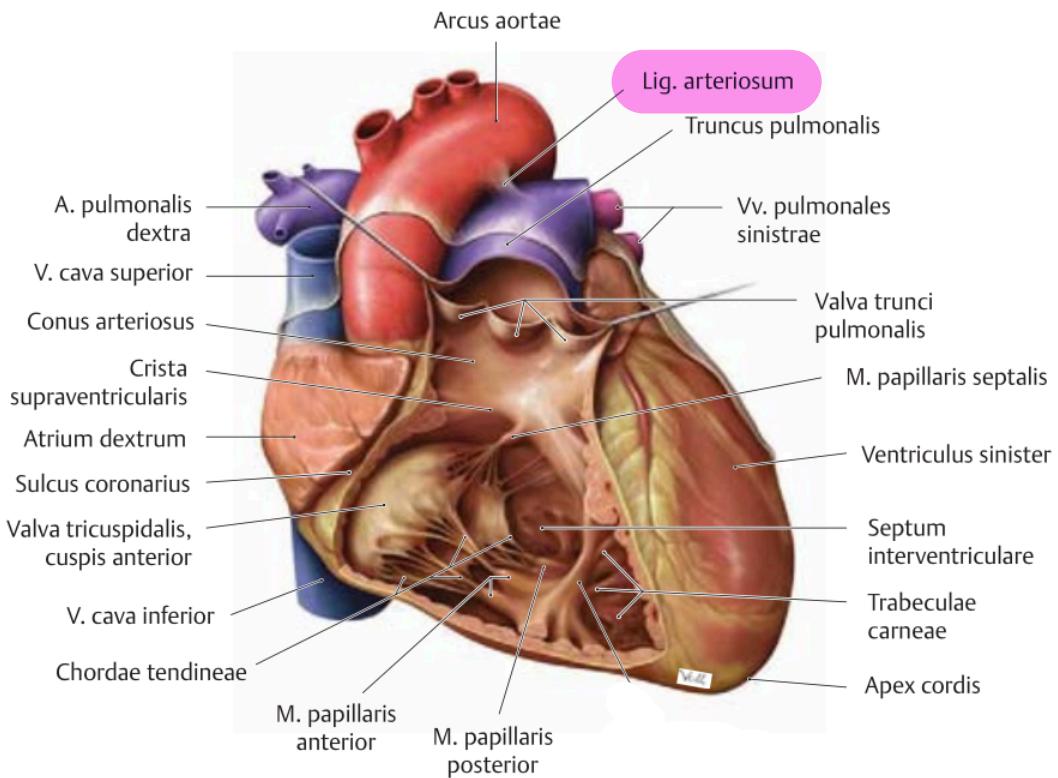


A Anterior surface (facies sternocostalis).

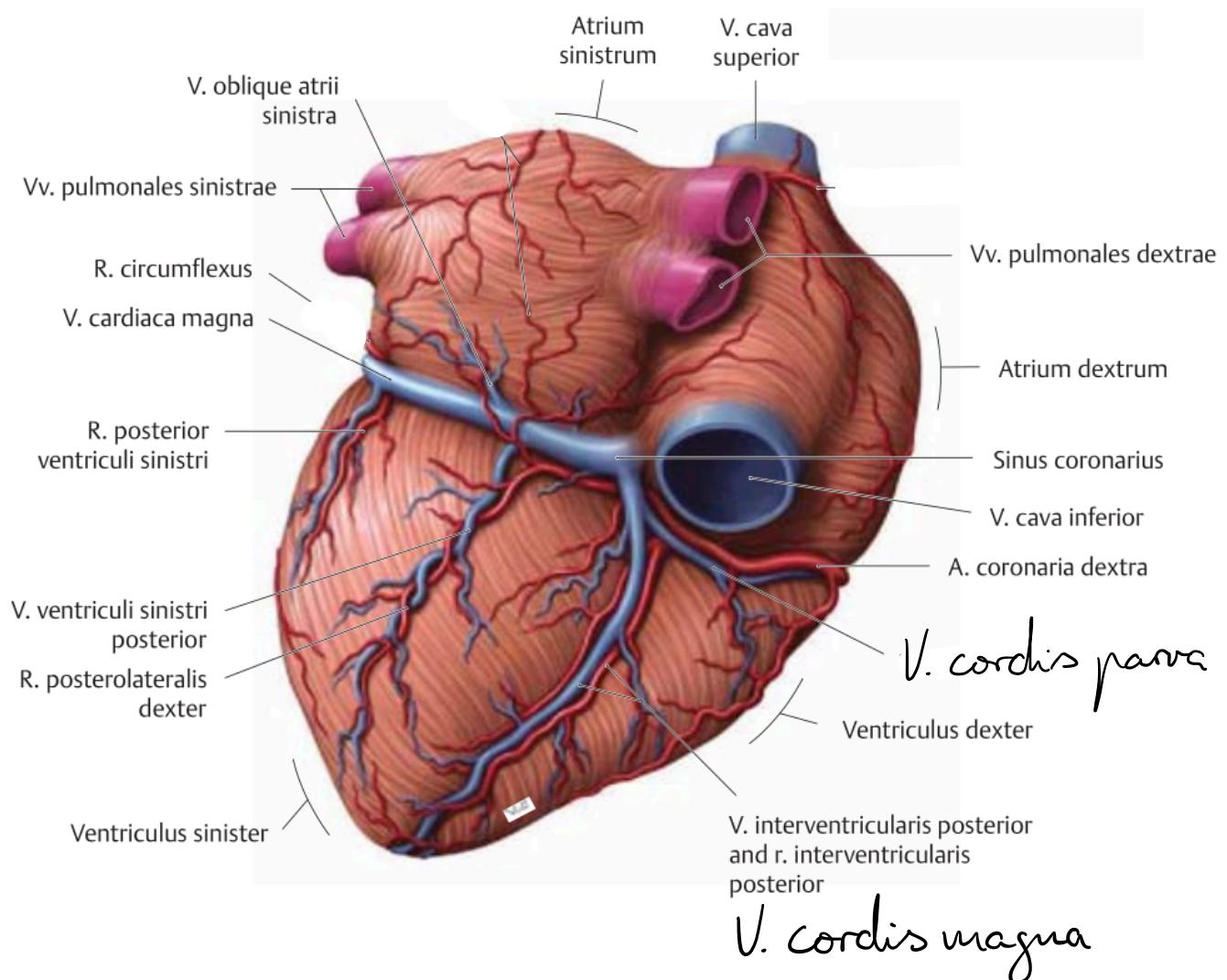
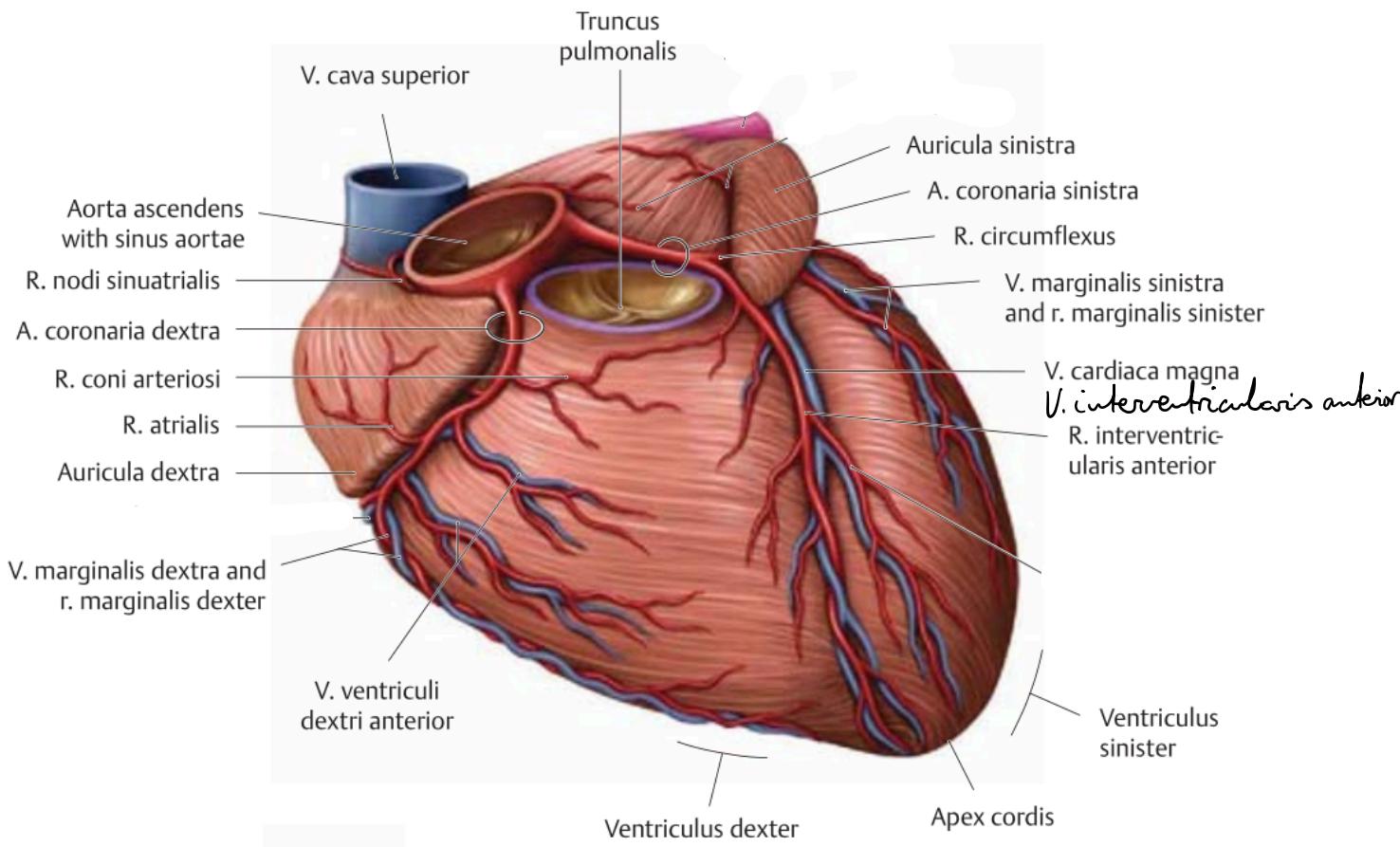


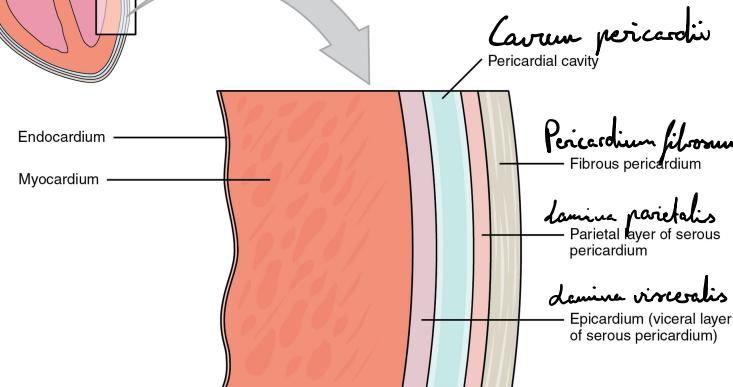
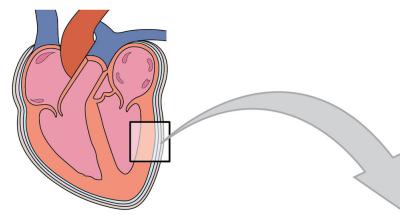
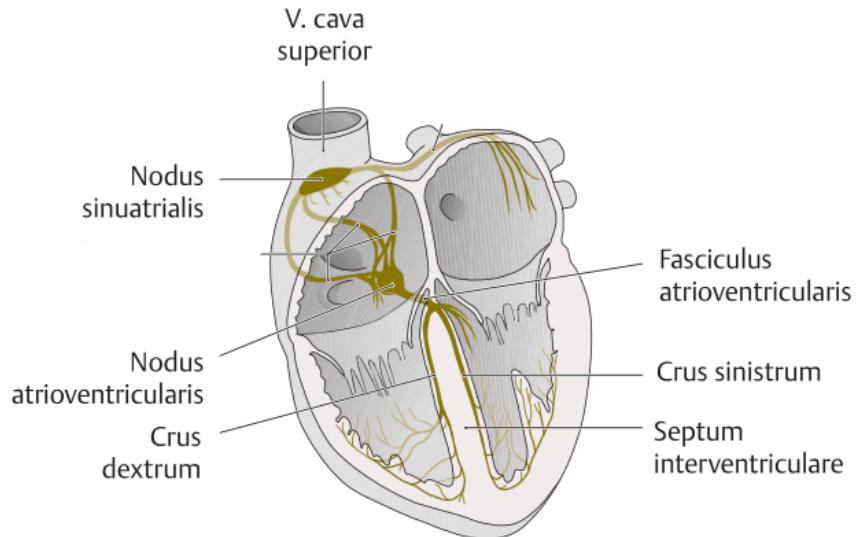
B Posterior surface (basis cordis).

Sulcus interventricularis posterior

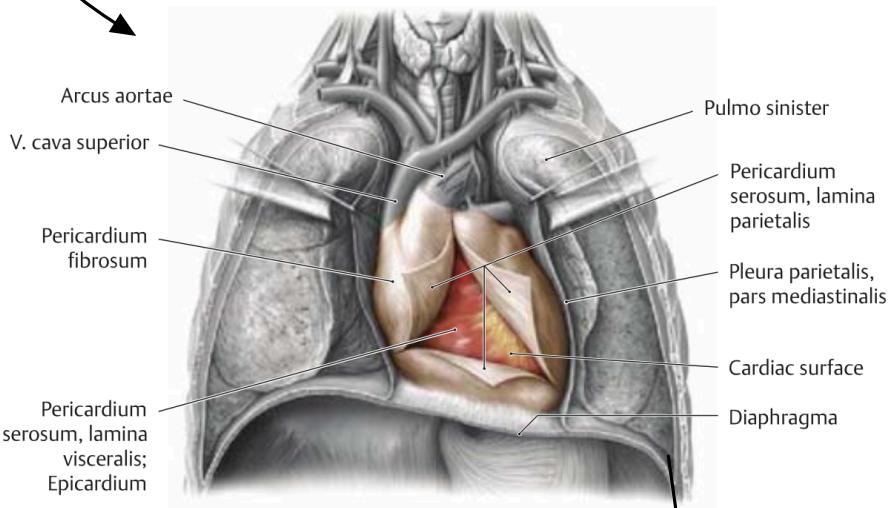


B Pericardium with heart removed, anterior view.





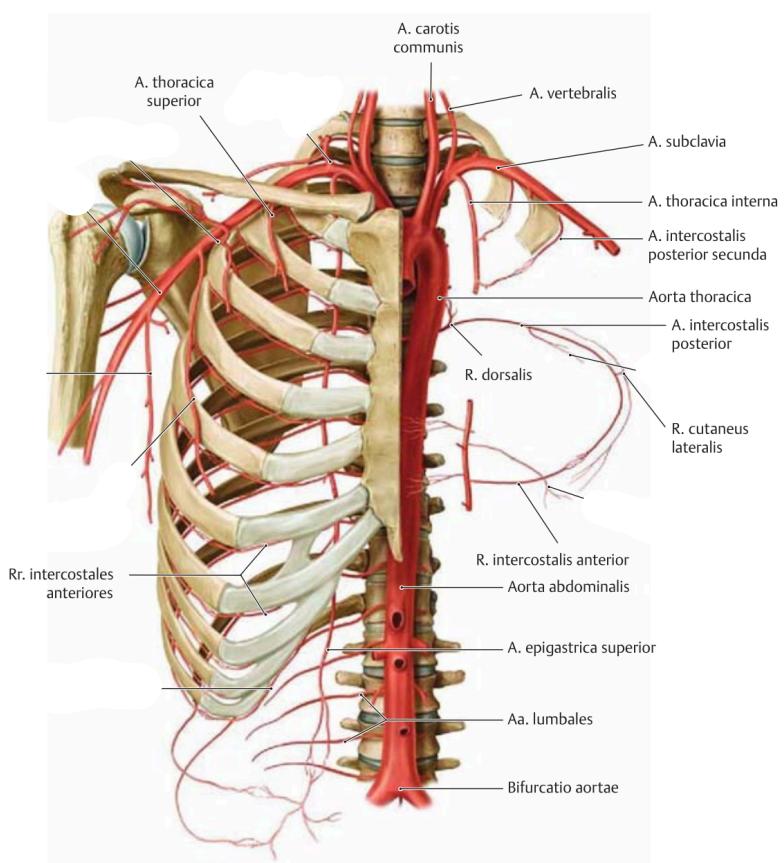
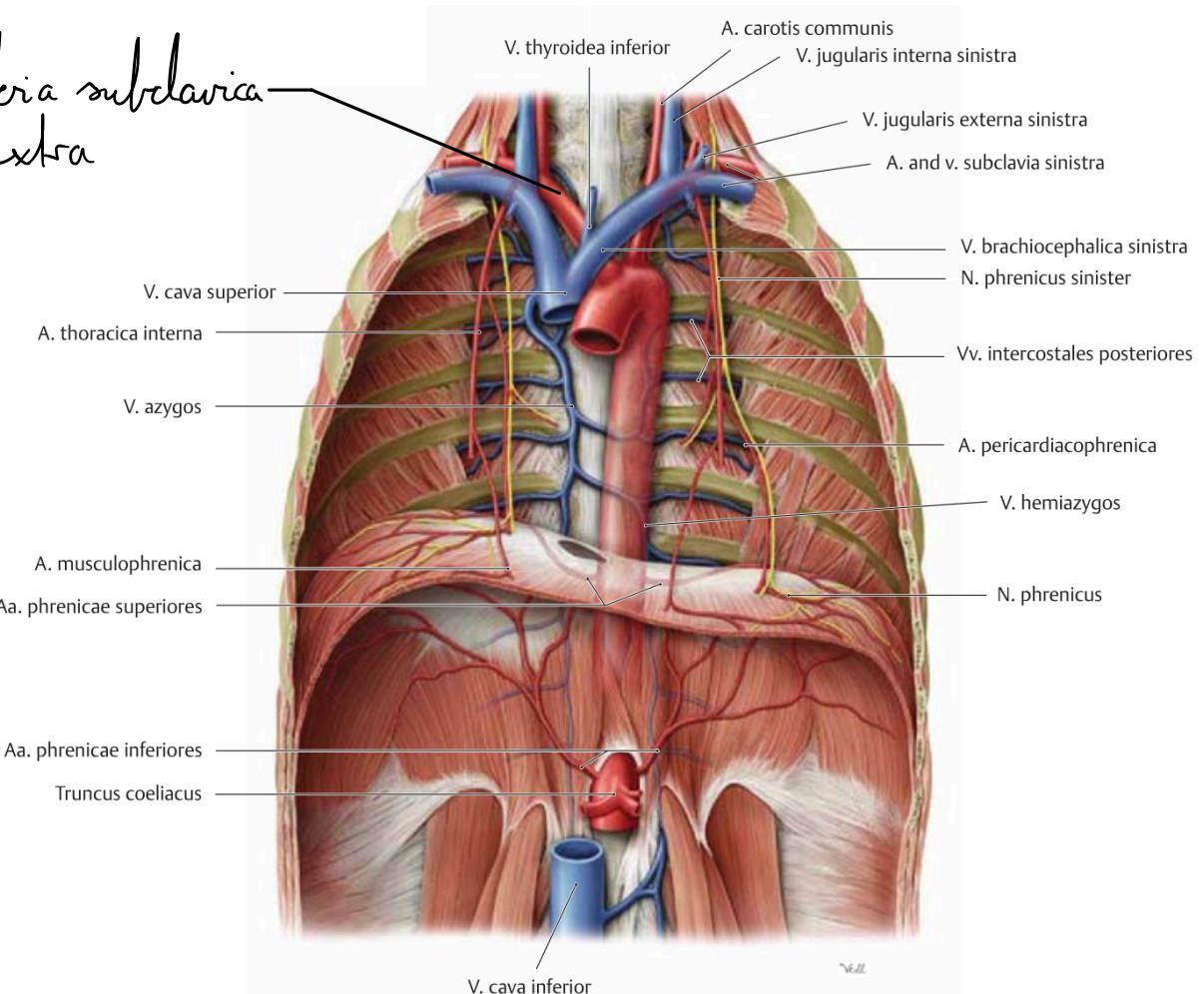
Pericardium

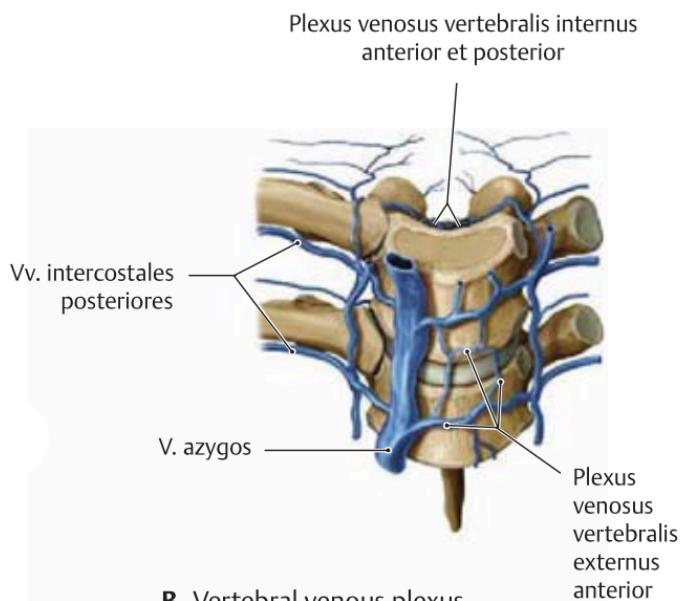
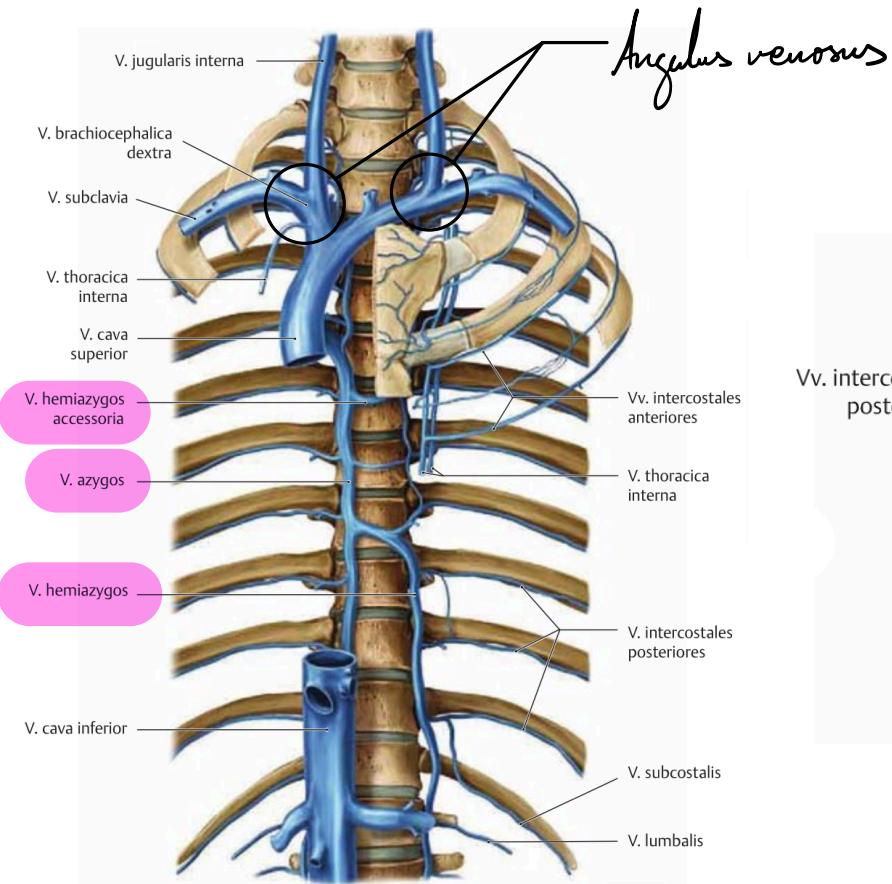


Recessus costodiaphragmaticus

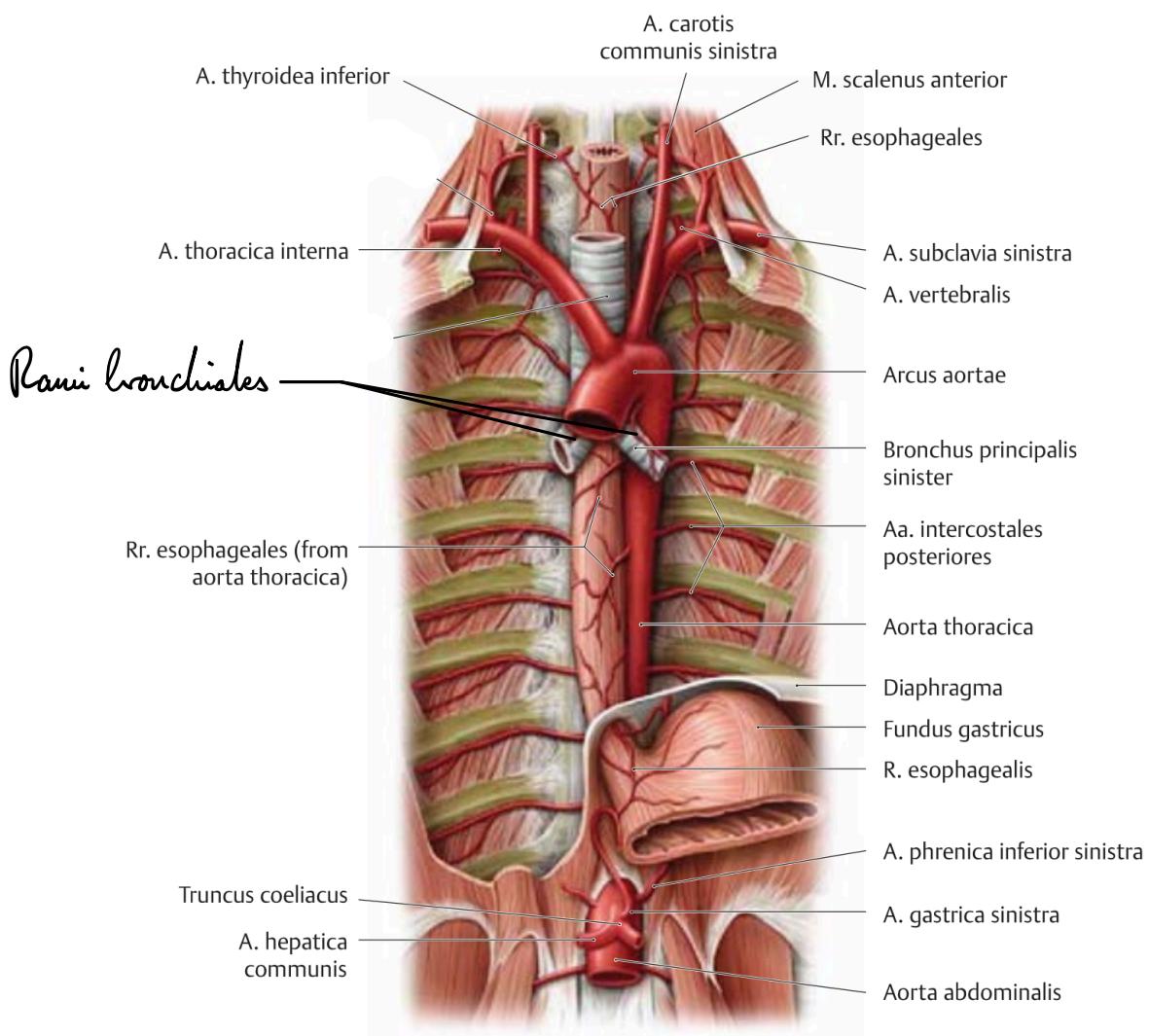
Circulation

*Atria subclavica
dextra*





B Vertebral venous plexus.



Lymphatisches System

